

Acqiris U1084A PCIe High-Speed ADC Card with on-Board Signal Processing

Targeting Embedded OEM Applications

- U1084A-001: 8-bit, 2 ch, 1.5 GHz, 2-4 GS/s
- U1084A-002: 8-bit, 2 ch, 1.5 GHz, 1-2 GS/s
- U1084A-003: 8-bit, 2 ch, 500 MHz, 0.5-1 GS/s

with firmware for high-speed digitization, simultaneous acquisition and readout, and real-time averaging

Datasheet



PCI
EXPRESS



Main Features

- Highly flexible, high-speed data acquisition card with on-board FPGA for real-time data processing
- Dual- and single-channel acquisition modes
- Up to 4 GS/s sampling rate
- Up to 1.5 GHz bandwidth
- Processing memory options up to 512 MB
- High-speed PCI Express x4 bus transfers data up to 520 MB/s to a host processor
- Fully featured 50 Ω front-end with programmable full-scale, offset, and internal calibration
- Complete pre- and post-triggering
- Six I/O connectors for trigger, clock, reference, and control signals
- Built-in 15 ps Trigger Time Interpolator (TTI) for accurate timing measurements
- Low total power consumption
- Device drivers for 32- and 64-bit Windows and Linux
- Application code examples for C/C++



INDUSTRY AWARDS

Acqiris's high-speed PCIe ADC card with on-board processing received multiple industry awards since its introduction. This level of acknowledgment confirms marketplace recognition and demonstrates excellence in creating value for the customers.



Acqiris High-Speed ADC cards

The proprietary ASICs in Acqiris high-speed ADC cards are designed for the specific purpose of optimizing high-speed ADC performance. The analog front-end technology provides signal conditioning, amplification, and interleaving functions essential for achieving high-speed data acquisition at GS/s rates. The digital data handling components provide vital clock and synchronization signals to capture and memorize acquired data with maximum data throughput. Together these ASICs make low-power, high-fidelity data acquisition much more accessible and provide maximum data throughput to the host PC or processor to reduce the time and cost of measurement.

The Acqiris product line provides a range of high-speed ADC cards with 8-, 10-, and 12-bit resolution, wide bandwidth, and large acquisition memory. These products, are used in research, and in ATE and OEM applications in industries such as biotechnology, semiconductors, aerospace, physics, and astronomy.

Embedding Extreme Data Acquisition into your System

The U1084A high-speed data acquisition card allows you to leverage the performance of our leading edge technology and know-how to meet your most demanding requirements.

By integrating our proprietary technology into a standard PCIe card format, we help you reduce the risk associated with new product development, providing a state-of-the-art ADC card front-end that is easily integrated into more complex systems. This principle of using standardized, off-the-shelf, data conversion and signal processing platforms ensures cost-effectiveness, system longevity, and system flexibility, at low risk. Acqiris high-speed ADC card products provide consistent quality and reliability you can depend upon.

Compliance, Reliability and Accuracy

As it is designed for OEM use, embedded in equipment that may well fall under RoHS compliance, the U1084A product uses only lead free components and non-toxic methods, to be fully RoHS compliant.

Using Acqiris and know-how the component count on U1084A is kept to a minimum, increasing the operational reliability of the card, and maximizing analog and digital performance.

Analog performance of the U1084A is such that maximum measurement accuracy performance is obtained over the full bandwidth of the analog front end. Lower noise and more effective bits mean less repeated measurements, reducing measurement time and lowering cost per measurement.

High-Speed ADC cards with Real-Time Analysis

The Acqiris U1084A Acqiris ADC card is a dual-channel, 8-bit PCIe data acquisition card with an on-board, high-speed, field programmable gate array (FPGA) component that is used for real-time data processing tasks. Featuring 4 GS/s sampling rates, the ADC card provides on-board real-time signal processing firmware for on-the-fly signal averaging.

Four firmware options allow the signal acquisition card to perform specific post-processing tasks which are easily uploaded into the FPGA under program control. The firmware options redefine the way in which data acquisition can be performed, allowing extremely flexible and easy reconfiguration for optimum data analysis.

Using the PCI Express® (PCIe®) bus maximizes the data throughput. Implemented in the base product as a 4-lane PCIe 1.1 card, the U1084A products provide data throughput at up to 520 MB/s.

High-Speed ADC card with On-Board Signal Processing

Front end mezzanine with ADC

The analog mezzanine contains the analog signal conditioning (amplification, offset, and channel interleaving) as well as the analog-to-digital converter (ADC) component. Impedance on the two input channels (CH1, CH2) is fixed at $50\ \Omega \pm 1\%$. Either input can be used as a trigger source.

Normally the two channel inputs are sent to their dedicated ADCs and simultaneously sampled at 2 GS/s. Alternatively, with channel interleaving, the signal from either one of the channels can be sent to both ADCs to achieve sampling rates of up to 4 GS/s.

Trigger and clock

The trigger and clock circuitry provides access to trigger input and output as well as reference clock input. The clock circuit provides calibration signals and ADC clock signals for the analog mezzanine as well as the FPGA for data processing. The built-in 15 ps trigger time interpolator (TTI) allows for accurate timing measurements.

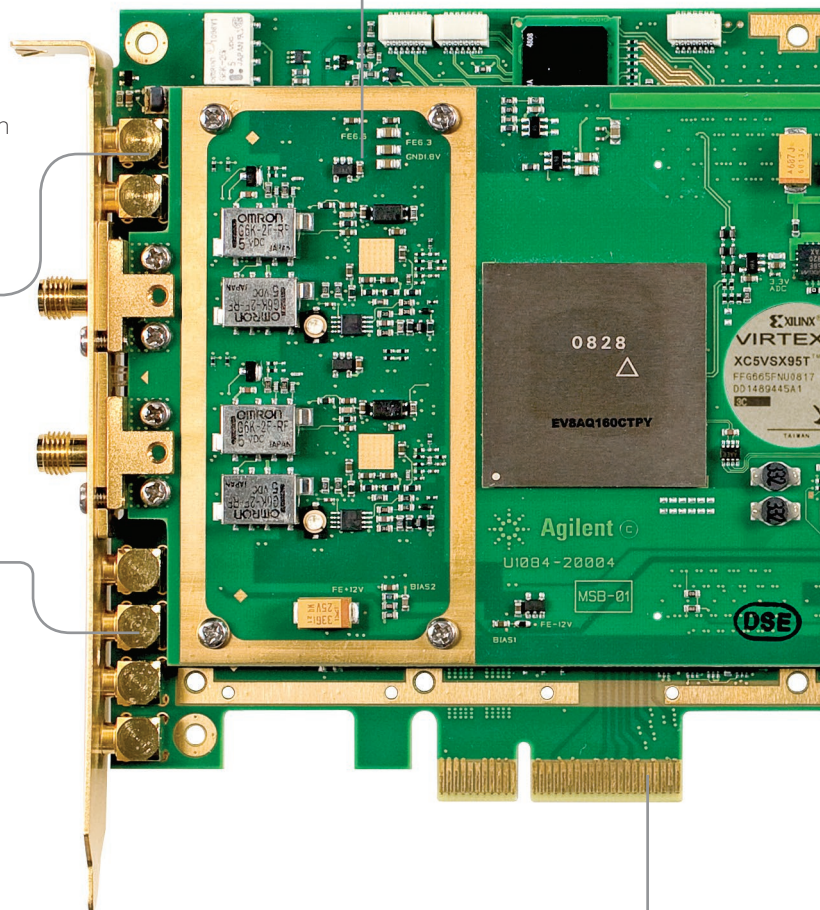
I/O control

Control over the trigger, time base, and data processing is made even more flexible by the addition of front-panel input/output connections.

The six MCX-type front-panel connectors can support an external clock (up to 2 GHz) or reference signal (10 MHz), an external trigger input, a trigger output, and three additional I/O digital control lines (I/O A, B, and C). The latter can be used for monitoring or modifying the card's status and configuration. Trigger output can also be used as an I/O control.

PCI Express

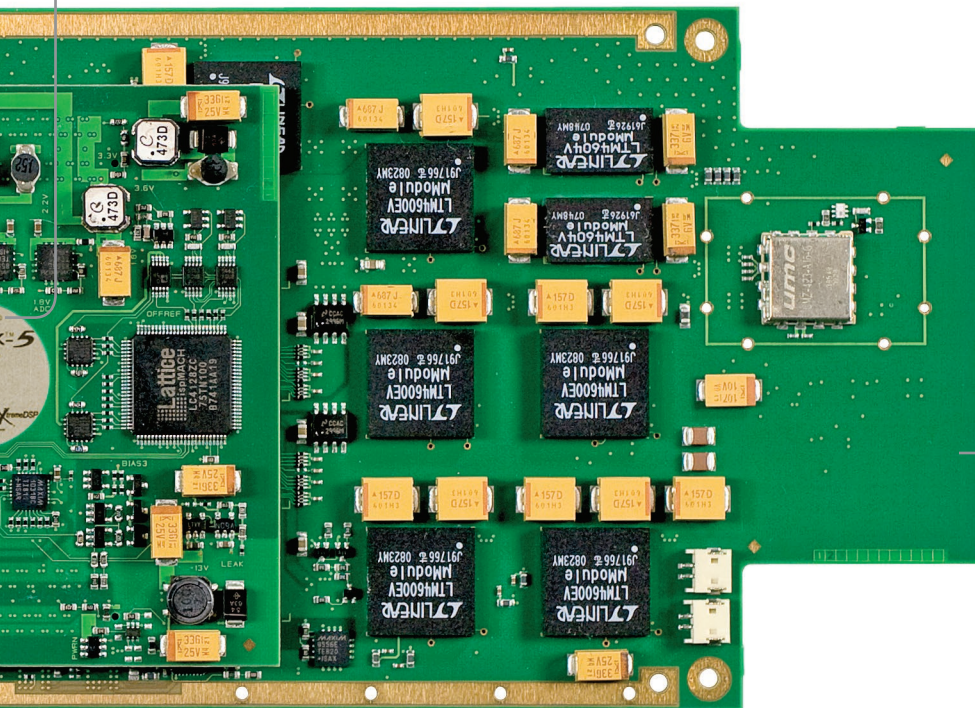
The use of the PCIe x4 allows data rates up to 520 MB/s, increasing throughput to reduce measurement time over traditional PCI based technologies.



Flexible data processing

The FPGA provides capacity for real-time processing of the acquired data. The firmware options loaded into the processing FPGA can provide either:

- Basic high-speed digitization with long acquisition memory (-DGT)
- Adding simultaneous acquisition and readout (-DGS)
- Real-time sampling and averaging (-AVG)



Compliance and reliability

The card uses only lead free components and non-toxic methods, to be fully RoHS compliant. Component count is kept to a minimum, increasing the operational reliability.

Figure 1. U1084A high-speed ADC card card.

Easy integration

Acqiris high-speed ADC cards are supplied with software drivers for Windows®, Linux, and application code examples for C/C++.

These code examples provide card set up and basic acquisition functionality, and are easily modified, so the card can quickly be integrated into a measurement system.

The flexibility of the driver means that, with minimum software adjustments, any Acqiris ADC card can be swapped out, replaced, and upgraded over time, with the latest high-speed Acqiris ADC card.

Acqiris High-Speed PCIe ADC cards

U1084A-001, dual channel, 8-bit, 1.5 GHz, 2 to 4 GS/s

U1084A-002, dual channel, 8-bit, 1.5 GHz, 1 to 2 GS/s

U1084A-003, dual channel, 8-bit, 500 MHz, 0.5 to 1 GS/s

Signal input

Channels

- 001: Dual at up to 2 GS/s
Single at up to 4 GS/s
- 002: Dual at up to 1 GS/s
Single at up to 2 GS/s
- 003: Dual at up to 500 MS/s
Single at up to 1 GS/s

Bandwidth (-3 dB)

- 001: DC to 1.5 GHz (1.8 GHz *typical*)
- 002: DC to 1.5 GHz (1.8 GHz *typical*)
- 003: DC to 500 MHz (*typical*)

Bandwidth limit filter

700 MHz (-001 and -002 only), 200 MHz, and 20 MHz (*typical*)

Full scale (FS)

50 mV¹, 100 mV, 200 mV, 500 mV, 1 V, 2 V, and 5 V

Offset range

±2 V for 50 mV to 500 mV FS
±5 V for 1 V to 5 V FS

Maximum input voltage

±5 V DC

Coupling

AC, DC

Impedance

50 Ω ± 1%

Connectors

Two, gold-plated (choice of BNC or SMA)

Digital conversion

Sample rate

488.28 kS/s to maximum sample rate, using binary sparsing method

Resolution

8 bits

DNL

± 0.9 LSB

Time base

Clock accuracy

Better than ± 2 ppm

Sampling jitter

< 1 ps rms for 10 μs record length with internal clock and reference (*nominal*)

Trigger (channel and external)

Channel trigger input

Threshold adjust range: FS of channel
Sensitivity, DC to 1.5 GHz: > 15% FS (*nominal*)

Pretrigger

Adjustable to 100% of horizontal full scale

External trigger input (TR IN)

MCX, gold-plated
Impedance: 50 Ω and 1 MΩ ± 2%
Sensitivity (*nominal*):
50 Ω, DC to 1 GHz: > 0.5 V
1 MΩ, DC to 250 MHz: > 0.5 V
Maximum input voltage: ± 5 V DC

Coupling

DC, AC, HF reject with 50 kHz cutoff (*nominal*)

Modes (channel and external)

Edge (positive and negative),
dual-source pattern² (OR, AND, NOR, NAND)

Modes (channel trigger)

Window, HF divide by 4, spike stretcher

Trigger output (TR OUT)

MCX, gold-plated
Offset: ± 2.5 V (no load) (*typical*)
Amplitude: ± 0.8 V (no load),
± 15 mA max (*nominal*)
Rise/fall time: 2.5 ns into 50 Ω (*nominal*)
Coupling: DC
Output impedance: 50 Ω

Control I/O

Connectors

MCX, gold-plated

Control signals (I/O A, B, and C)

TTL & CMOS compatible (3.3 V)

Control output (I/O A, B, and C)

10 MHz reference clock out with
50 Ω output impedance
Acquisition active
Trigger ready

Control input (I/O A and B)

Trigger enable

External clock (CLK IN)

Connector

MCX, gold-plated

Clock reference

Amplitude: > 1 V pk-pk into 50 Ω (*nominal*)
Threshold: variable between -2 V and +2 V (*typical*)
Maximum input voltage: ± 5 V DC

Clock input

1 GHz or 2 GHz

Reference frequency

10 MHz ± 0.3% (*nominal*)

1. Bandwidth limited to 500 MHz (*typical*).
2. Between either one of the input channels and the external trigger.

Real-time FPGA control
(I/O A, B, and C)

FPGA

Virtex 5-5SX95T

Control Signals

TTL & CMOS compatible (3.3 V)

Memory ¹

72 Mbit SRAM

-STD: 512 MB DRAM

-128: 128 MB DRAM

General

Host computer and operating system

PC compatible (x86) systems running

32-and 64-bit Microsoft Windows, and

Linux.

Transfer speed

High-speed PCIe 1.1 x4 bus transfers data
at sustained rates up to 520 MB/s (*nominal*)
to host PC

Warranty

3 years (included)

5 years (optional)

Environmental and physical ²

Operating temperature

5° to 40 °C (PC internal ambient
temperature)

Relative humidity

Type-tested at 80 % (non-condensing)

Dimensions

PCIe full-length standard

EMC

Complies with European EMC
directive

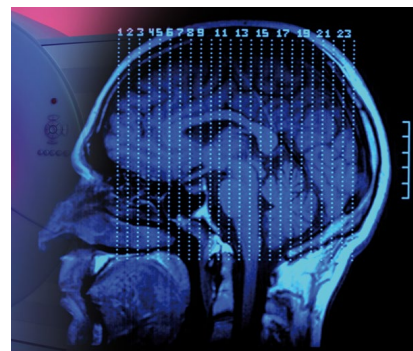
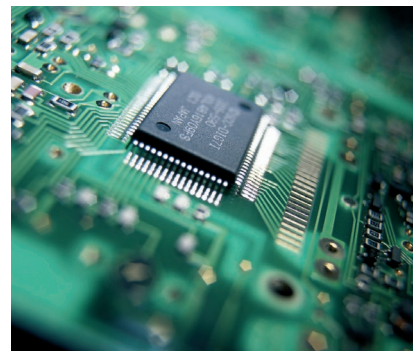
- IEC/EN 61326-2-1
- CISPR Pub 11 Group 1, class A
- AS/NZS CISPR 11
- ICES/NMB-001

This ISM device complies with Canadian
ICES-001.

Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme
NMB-001 du Canada.

Power consumption

See firmware option specifications



1. Available data point capacity of processing memory varies depending on the firmware option chosen.
2. Samples of this product have been type tested and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of Storage, Transportation and End-use; those stresses include but are not limited to temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude and power line conditions.

Firmware for High-Speed ADC card

U1084A-DGT with long acquisition memory

U1084A-DGS with simultaneous acquisition and readout

Main features

- High-speed digitizer firmware with dual- and single-channel acquisition modes
- Up to 4 GS/s sampling rate on either channel
- Segmented acquisition
- Simultaneous acquisition and readout (SAR) mode for maintained high measurement throughput (with option U1084A-DGS)
- Up to 512 MSamples of acquisition memory with option U1084A-DGT, 256 MSamples with option U1084A-DGS
- 15 ps Trigger Time Interpolator (TTI) for accurate timing measurements
- High-speed PCI Express x4 bus transfers data up to 520 MB/s to a host processor

The on-board processing engine of the U1084A provides extended performance for high speed data acquisition. Smart memory handling with sustained sequential recording mode allows continuous data acquisition and readout of high-trigger rate signals.

Digitizer firmware options

Two digitizer firmware options are available for the U1084A.

Digitizer firmware U1084A-DGT allows the platform to perform as a high-speed analog to digital data acquisition module with long acquisition memories, up to 512 MSamples.

Digitizer firmware U1084A-DGS in addition to the -DGT functionality includes a ping-pong memory buffer architecture. The processing memory is split in two so that module can continuously acquire data into one memory bank while the other bank is read into the host processor. This technique is particularly useful for continuous acquisition of data bursts at a sustained trigger rate.

Moreover this firmware supports a zero-suppress mode which allows null-data or data below a desired threshold to be excluded from the acquisition. This allows only the relevant portions of a signal to be acquired, thus optimizing the use of the data memory. In this mode, the trigger time-stamp resolution is 8 ns with U1084A-001 at 2 GS/s in dual channel mode or 4 GS/s in single channel mode, or 16 ns with all the other configurations.

Sequence acquisition

Digitizers acquire waveforms in association with triggers. Each waveform is made of a series of measured voltage values (sample points) that are acquired by the ADC at a uniform clock rate. To maximize sampling rates and utilize memory as efficiently as possible, the U1084A digitizer firmware includes both single and sequential storage modes.

The single acquisition mode is the normal operation of most digitizer products. In this mode an acquisition consists of a waveform recorded with a single trigger.

The sequence acquisition mode allows the capture and storage of consecutive "single" waveforms in up to 64 thousand segments within the memory. Sequence acquisition mode is useful as it can optimize the digitizer's sampling rate and memory requirements for applications where only portions of the signal being analyzed are important. This mode is extremely useful in almost all impulse-response type applications.

Sequence acquisition with segments acquires only the specified data, and so enables successive events, which can occur within a very short time, to be captured and stored without loss.

Minimum bank switching dead time for remarkable sustained rates

The sustained sequential recording (SSR) mode of the U1084A-DGS digitizer maximizes the available data throughput allowing data acquisition to run in parallel to the data readout through the PCIe interface.

Simultaneous acquisition and readout (SAR) uses a semaphore-based technique to automatically switch and redirect the digitized data to the second bank once the first has been filled. Rapid switching combined with state-of-the-art trigger circuitry dramatically reduces dead time between successive acquisitions, and allows automatic sequential waveform recording at remarkably high sustained trigger rates. This data handling mode is ideal for situations where fast sequential or burst-style repetitive signals (or pulses) are being acquired and recorded. Applications include signal intelligence, synthetic aperture radar, ultrasound, radar, and lidar.

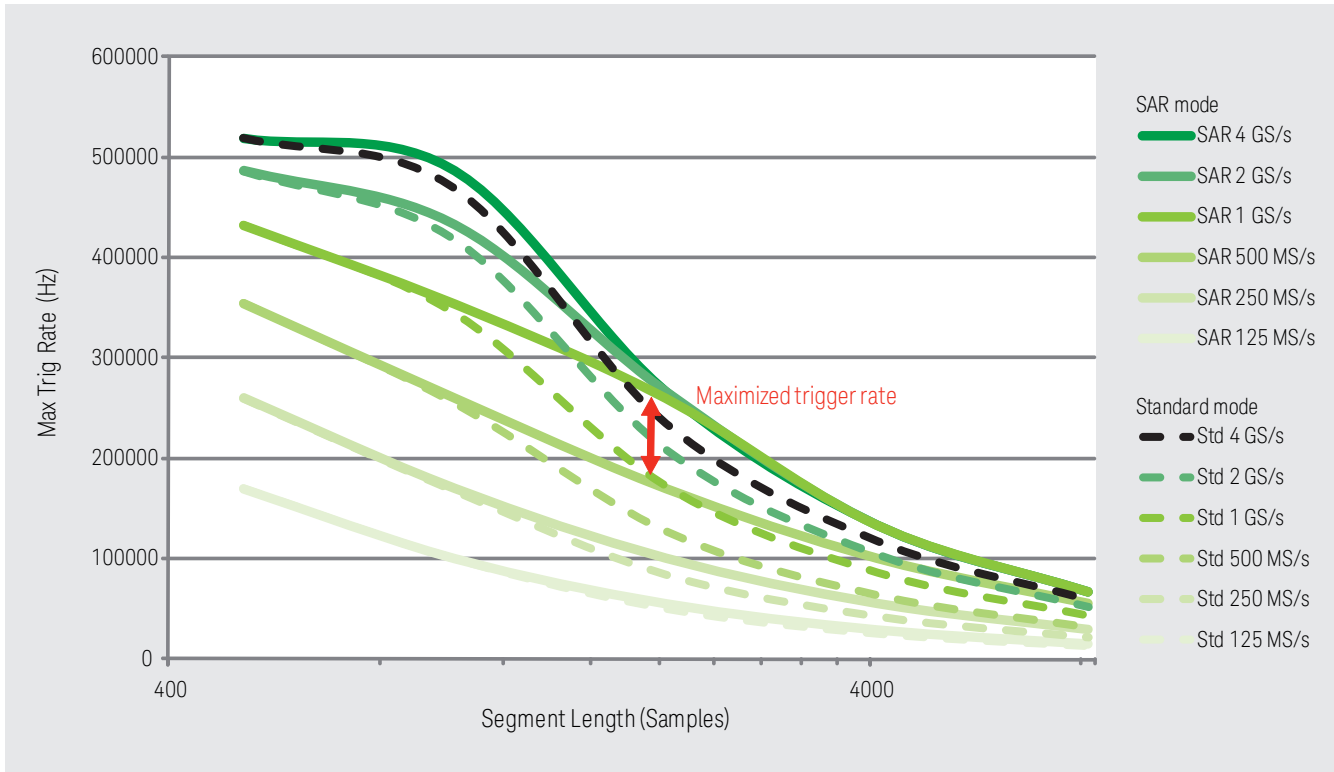


Figure 2. With SAR function the trigger rate is maximized, the figure shows the maximum trigger rate as a function of segment size for a large number of segments¹.

1. The maximum trigger rate can be affected by operating system interrupts, PCIe bus activity and other system hardware components.

Firmware for High-Speed ADC card

U1084A-DGT with long acquisition memory
U1084A-DGS with simultaneous acquisition and readout
Running on U1084A card

Digital conversion

Sample rate

4 GS/s (-001 only),
2 GS/s (-001 and -002 only),
1 GS/s, 500 MS/s, 250 MS/s, 125 MS/s,
62.5 MS/s, 31.25 MS/s, 15.6 MS/s,
7.8 MS/s, 3.9 MS/s, 1.95 MS/s, 977 kS/s,
488 kS/s

Optional memory

-DGT:
-STD: 512 MS or 256 MS/channel
-128: 128 MS or 64 MS/channel

-DGS:
-STD: 256 MS or 128 MS/channel
-128: 64 MS or 32 MS/channel

Effective bits (at maximum dual channel sampling rate, 500 mV FSR and full bandwidth)

> 6.5 at 10 MHz
> 6.2 at 100 MHz
> 5.9 at 410 MHz
> 4.9 at 910 MHz

Time base

Clock accuracy

Better than ± 2 ppm

Sampling jitter

< 1 ps rms for 10 μ s record length with internal clock and reference (*nominal*)

Acquisition modes

Single shot
Sequence: 1 to 64 Ksegments
Dead time: < 1.8 μ s (*nominal*)

Control I/O (MCX)

Control signals (I/O A, B, and C)

TTL & CMOS compatible (3.3 V)

Control output (I/O A, B, and C)

Acquisition active
Acquisition skipping to next segment

Control input (I/O A and B)

Trigger enable

External clock (CLK IN)

Connectors

MCX, gold-plated

Clock reference

Amplitude: > 1 V pk-pk into 50 Ω (*nominal*)
Threshold: variable between -2 V and +2V (*typical*)
Maximum input voltage: ± 5 V DC

Clock input

1 GHz or 2 GHz

Reference frequency

10 MHz $\pm 0.3\%$ (*nominal*)

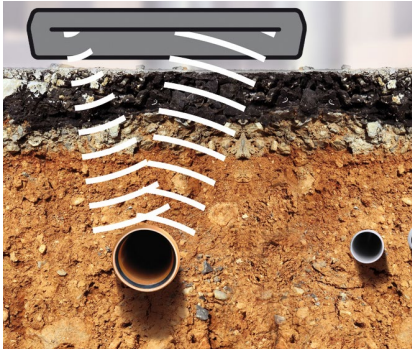
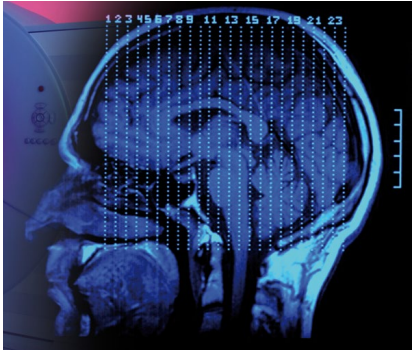
Environmental and physical

Power consumption

< 45 W (40 W *typical*)

Current requirements (*typical*)

Sampling at 4 GS/s
+ 12 V 2.5 A
+ 3.3 V 3 A



Firmware for Real-Time Sampling and Averaging

U1084A-AVG

Main features

- Synchronous, dual-channel, real-time sampling and averaging with a maximum trigger rate of up to 500 kHz
- Averaging from 1 to over 16 million triggers per segment
- Trigger and clock synchronization modes for improved accuracy
- Noise Suppressed Accumulation (NSA)

As a signal averager, the U1084A takes full advantage of the high-speed signal processing performance of the module to create real-time averaged signals to reduce random noise levels in repetitive signals.

Low noise, high dynamic range

The U1084A real-time averaging firmware (U1084A-AVG option) allows real-time acquisition at up to 4 GS/s down to 488.28 kS/s with binary sparsing (4 GS/s divided by 2^n).

Averaging signals reduces random noise effects, improving the signal-to-noise ratio, as well as increasing resolution and dynamic range. The fast sampling rate is achieved with a single trigger and acquisition, and does not require the use of equivalent-time sampling techniques.

Full-speed averaging

In contrast to Averagers that use equivalent-time sampling, the U1084A maintains maximum averaging speed and does not require additional triggers that reduce the total measurement throughput.

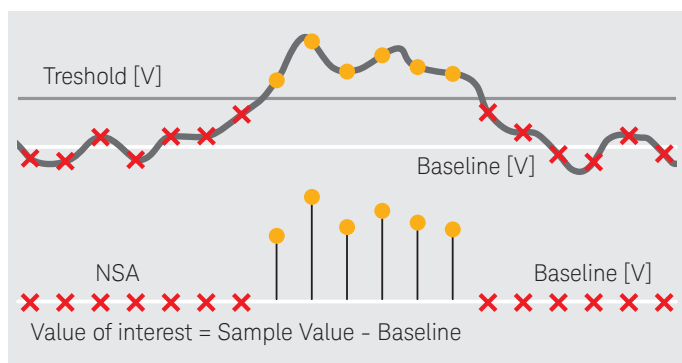


Figure 3. Signal detection using noise suppressed accumulation

Noise suppressed accumulation

In some applications, such as time-of-flight spectroscopy, the signal is a rare event sitting on top of a noisy baseline and the averaging process reduces the random noise. As a consequence, to enhance the ADC cards ability to detect such signals in the presence of synchronous noise, the averaging firmware allows the user to set a threshold that must be exceeded for each data value to be entered into the sum.

Furthermore, to simplify overall system design in order to avoid overflow in the summed data, the noise base can be subtracted from each data value before the summation is done. A similar capability is implemented for negative-going signals.

Segment accumulation

In time-resolved applications where multiple averaged waveforms must be acquired with very low dead time, the averaging memory can also be segmented. This allows the user to store from 1 up to 128 K separate accumulations of summed data. The segment length is user-programmable.

In standard segment accumulation mode the user selects the desired number of triggers per segment, N, up to over 16 million. The next segment accumulation will be started after the previous N triggers have been processed.

The memory in the U1084A averager is optimized to allow real-time acquisition and averaging. At the end of each average segment, a dead time exists before a new average can be stored. The dead time duration depends on the size of the segment, a 162 KSamples segment will incur a 1 ms dead time.

Ping-pong accumulation

To increase measurement rates the U1084A with AVG firmware will allow ping-pong accumulation and processing.

After the dead time, at the end of each segment accumulation, a new accumulation can be started before readout of the previous accumulation. While accumulation continues, the previous segment can be read out through the high speed PCIe bus at up to 520 MB/s.

Firmware for Real-Time Sampling and Averaging

U1084A-AVG
Running on U1084A card

Digital conversion

Sample rate
4 GS/s (-001 only),
2 GS/s (-001 and -002 only),
1 GS/s, 500 MS/s, 250 MS/s, 125 MS/s,
62.5 MS/s, 31.25 MS/s, 15.6 MS/s,
7.8 MS/s, 3.9 MS/s, 1.95 MS/s, 977 kS/s,
488 kS/s

Resolution
8 bits

Time base

Clock accuracy
Better than ± 2 ppm

Acquisition modes
Single shot
Sequence

Averaging memory

Acquisition length
-STD: 1 to 524,288
-128: 1 to 131,072

Dead time:
< 1.8 μ s for successive triggers

Maximum segment number
-STD: 131,072 segments
-128: 32,768 segments

Maximum averaging number
-16,777,216

Averaging speed
-001: Up to 4 GS/s
-002: Up to 2 GS/s
-003: Up to 1 GS/s

System performance

Averaging resolution
32 bits

Transfer to PCI Express
130 MSamples/s

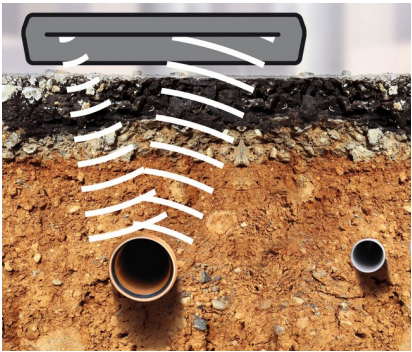
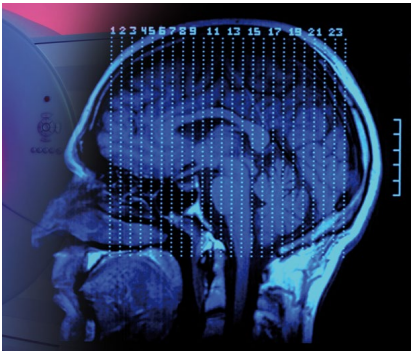
Coherent noise (typical)
< 0.02 LSB RMS (73 dB SNR)

Conditions: 10,000 accumulated triggers,
10 KSamples, no input signal, external
trigger, 100 mV FS, zero offset

Environmental and physical

Power consumption
< 50 W (43 W typ)

Current requirements (typical)
Sampling at 4 GS/s
+ 12 V 2.5 A
+ 3.3 V 4 A



Configuration and Ordering Information

Software information

Supported operating systems and host computers	Window 7 (32/64-bit) Linux
Standard compliant drivers	M-COM, M-C, MATLAB, LabVIEW
Supported application development environments (ADE)	VisualStudio (VB.NET, C#, C/C++), VEE, LabVIEW, LabWindows/CVI, MATLAB

Services

Warranty	
Included	3-year warranty, standard
Optional	5-year warranty

Accessories

Model	Description
U5300A-105	MCX male to BNC male cable, 1m
U1084A-KTA1	Kit: Startup Guide

Ordering information

Model	Description
U1084A	PCIe 8-bit ADC Card with on-board processing Includes: 3-year warranty
Configurable options	
U1084A-001	Dual channel, 2-4 GS/s digitizer with on-board signal processing
U1084A-002	Dual channel, 1-2 GS/s digitizer with on-board signal processing
U1084A-003	Dual channel, 0.5-1 GS/s digitizer with on-board signal processing
U1084A-STD	Standard 512 MB processing memory
U1084A-128	Processing memory, 128 MB
U1084A-BNC	BNC connectors
U1084A-SMA	SMA connectors
Choice of firmware options	
U1084A-DGT	Digitizer firmware
U1084A-DGS	Digitizer firmware with simultaneous acquisition and readout
U1084A-AVG	Real-time sampling and averaging

Please contact Acqiris for other options or specific requirements support@acqiris.com.

This information is subject to change without notice.

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